

حـــال الصنــاعـــة عبـد الوهـاب تفـاحة الأميـــن العـــام



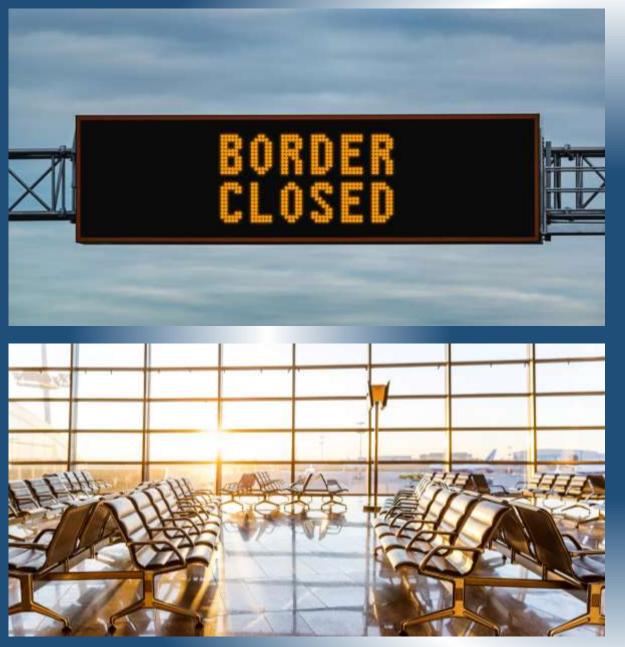


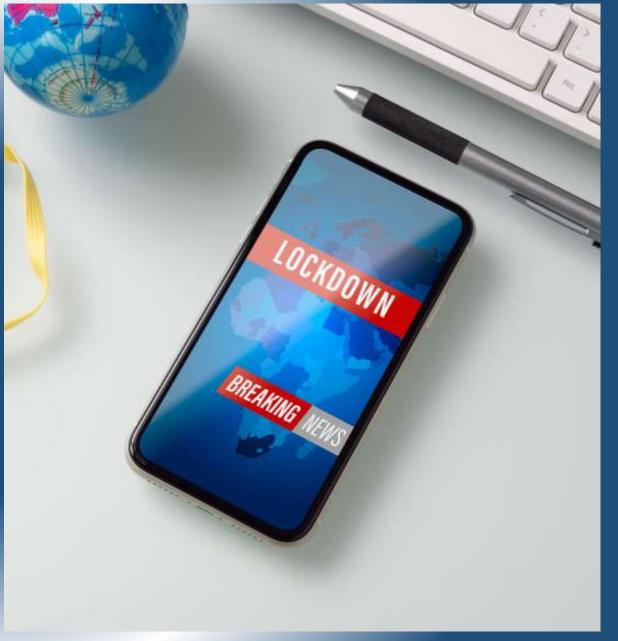
لم تصدق التوقعات حول عودة نشاط النقل الجوي





Forecasts about the return of air transport activity were incorrect

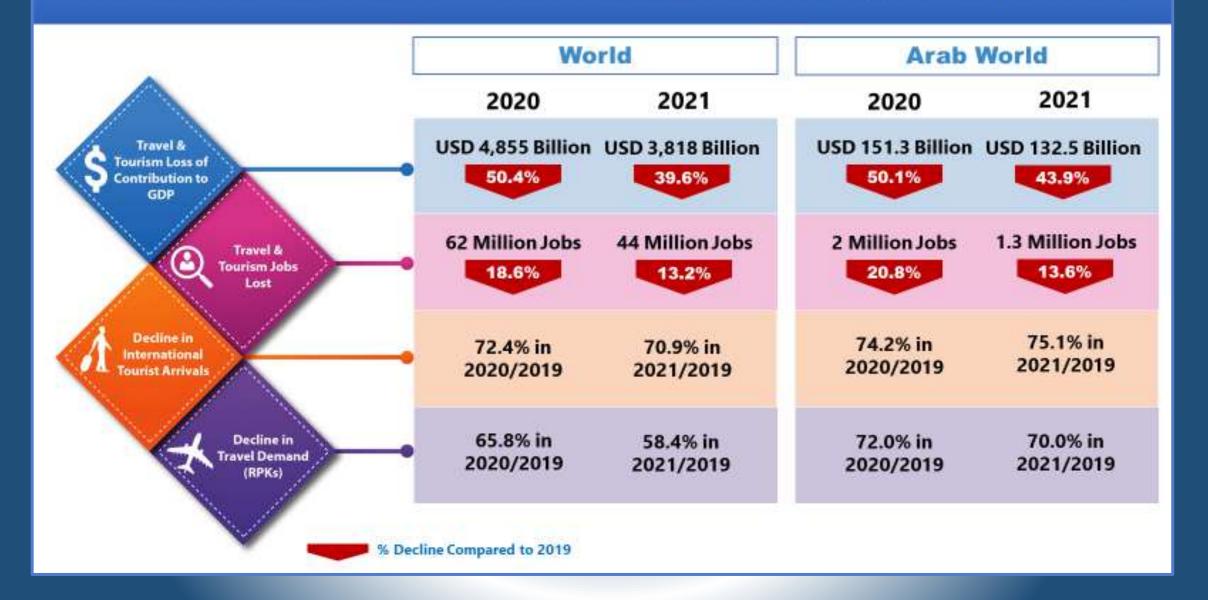




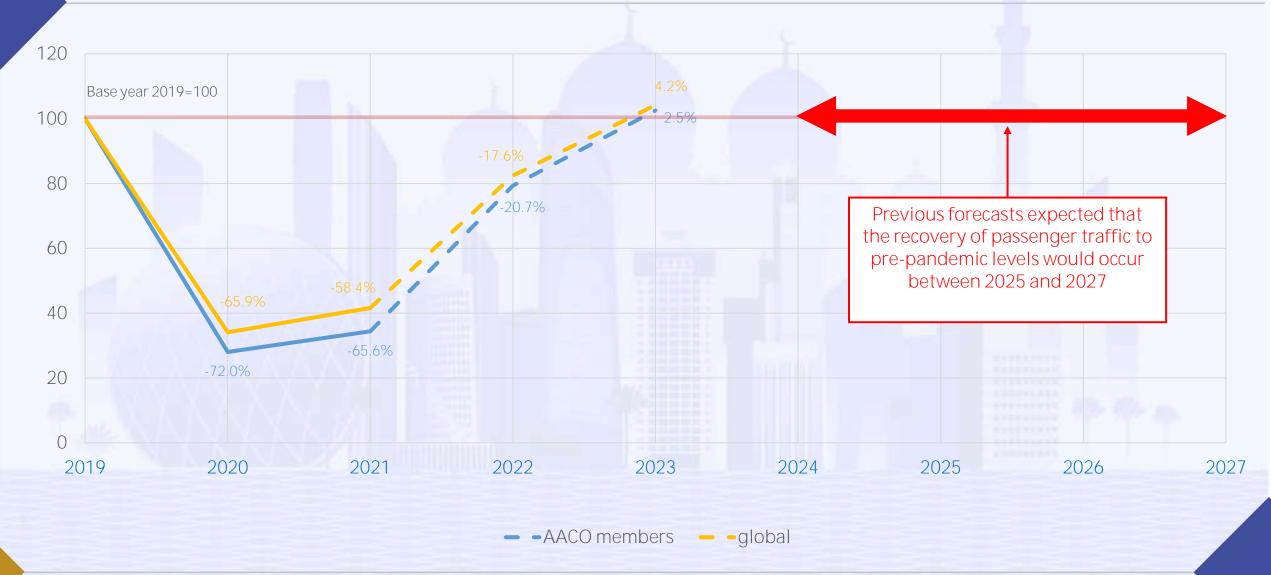




Loss of Contribution of Travel & Tourism in 2020 and 2021 Compared to 2019 Levels



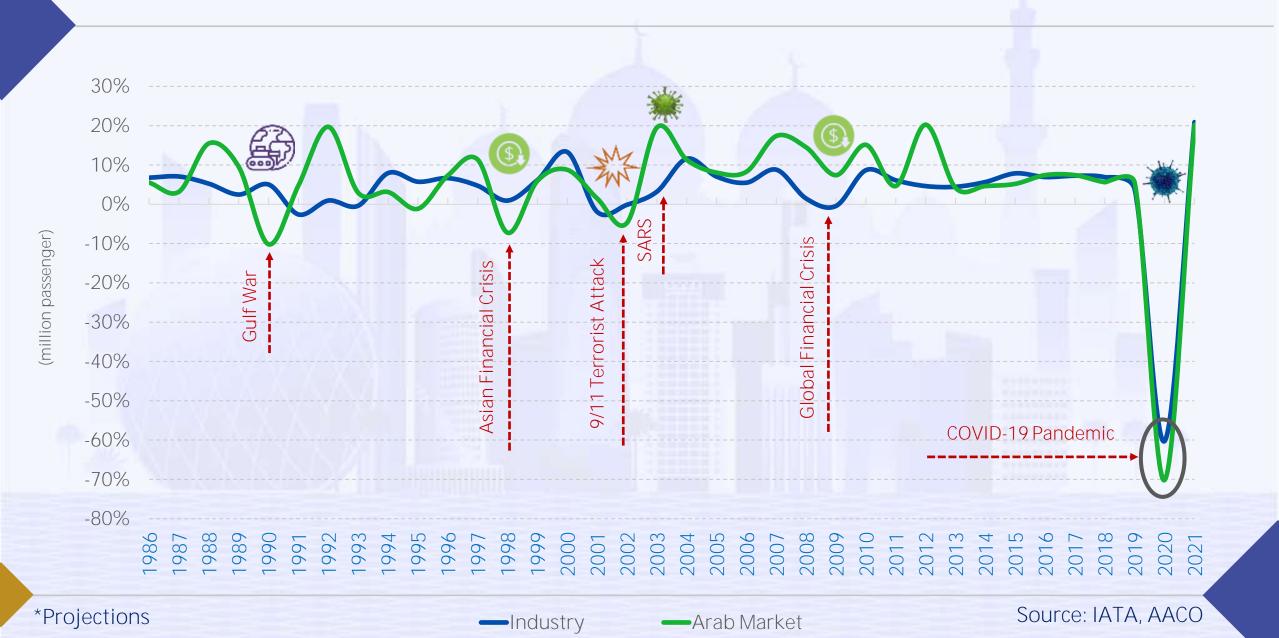
The Recovery of Passenger Traffic from COVID-19 Crisis, Globally and for AACO Members, is Expected to Occur in 2023*

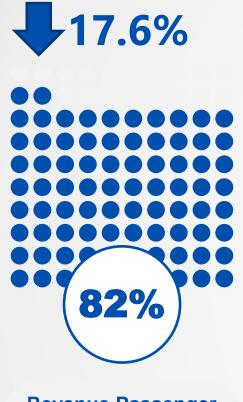


*Data points compared to base year 2019
Dotted lines represent estimates

Source: IATA, AACO

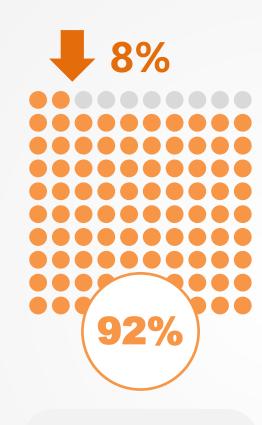
Impact of COVID-19 and Previous Crises on the Global Passenger Traffic



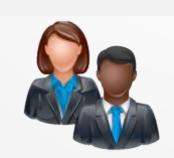


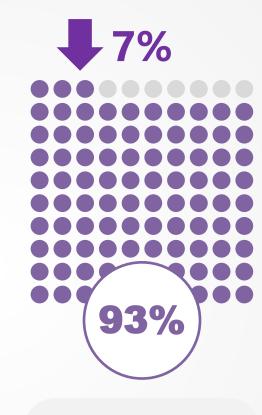
Revenue Passenger Kilometers (RPKs)





Employment





Revenues

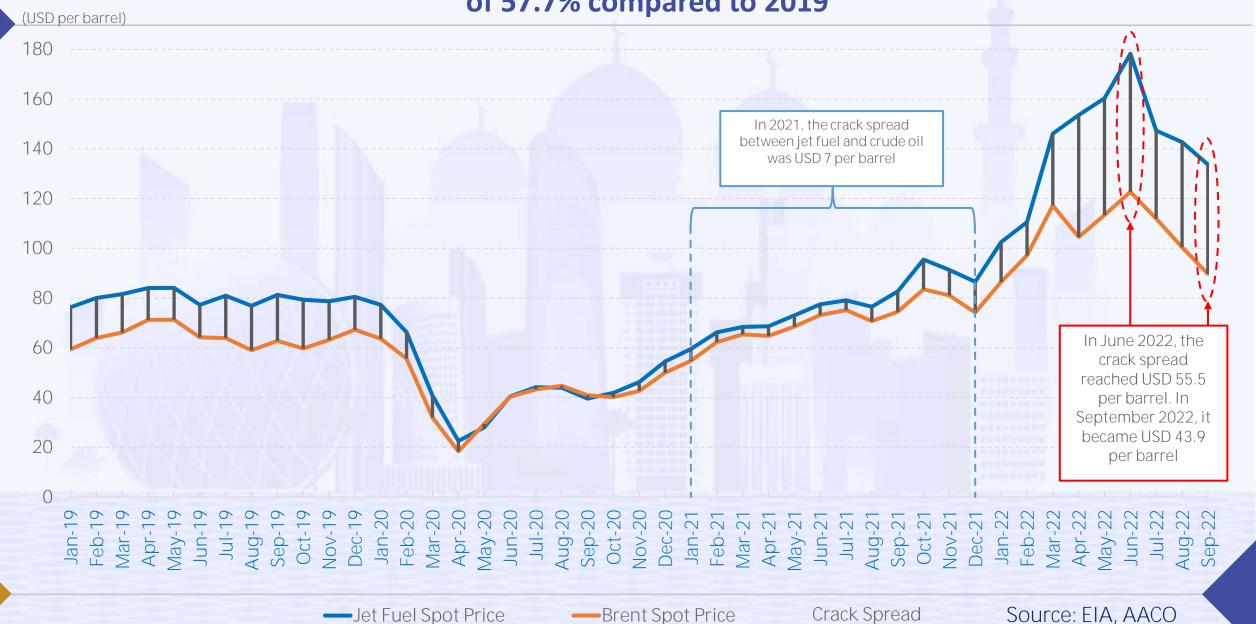




International Tourist Arrivals

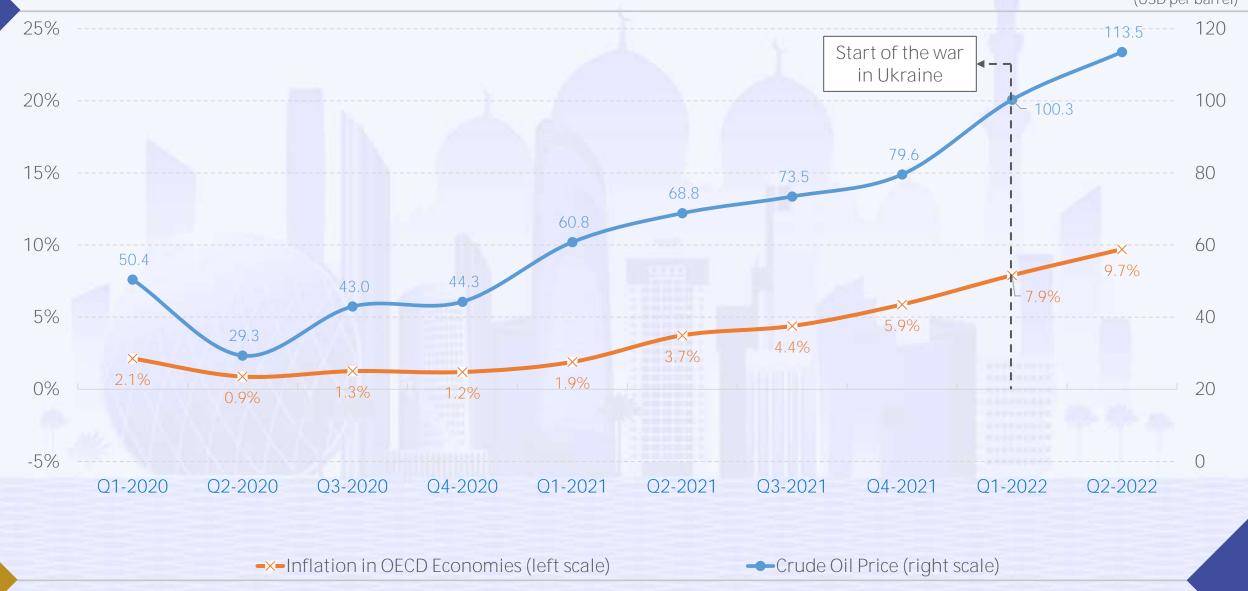


In 2022, the price of jet fuel is expected to reach around USD 125.5 per barrel, an increase of 57.7% compared to 2019



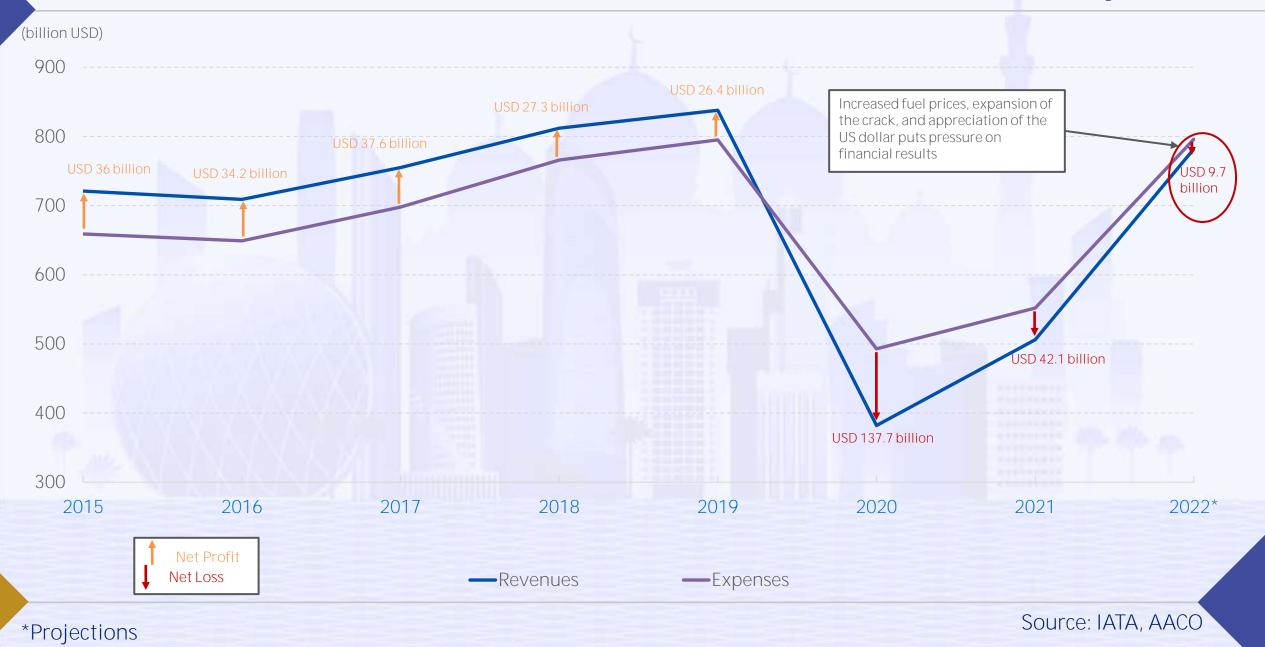


Quarterly Year-on-Year Change in the Inflation Rate in OECD Economies and Increase in the Price of Crude Oil in 2022 (USD per barrel)

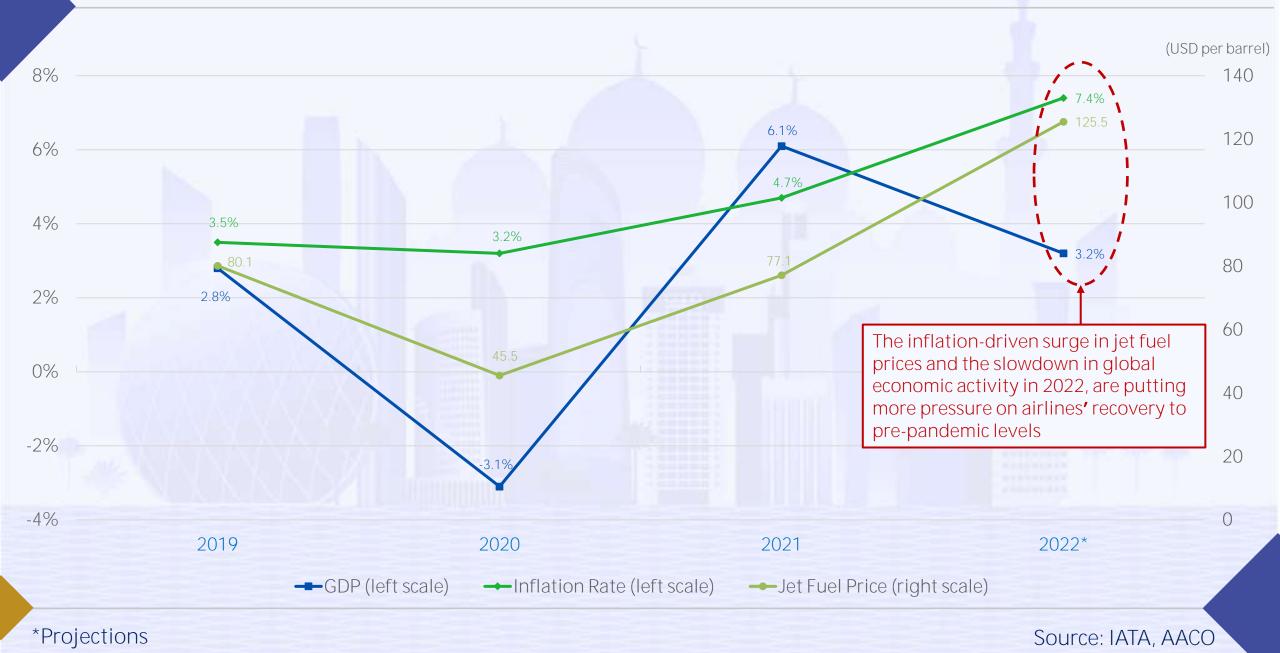


Source: AACO and various sources

The Financial Performance of the Air Travel Industry



The Financial Performance of the Air Travel Industry





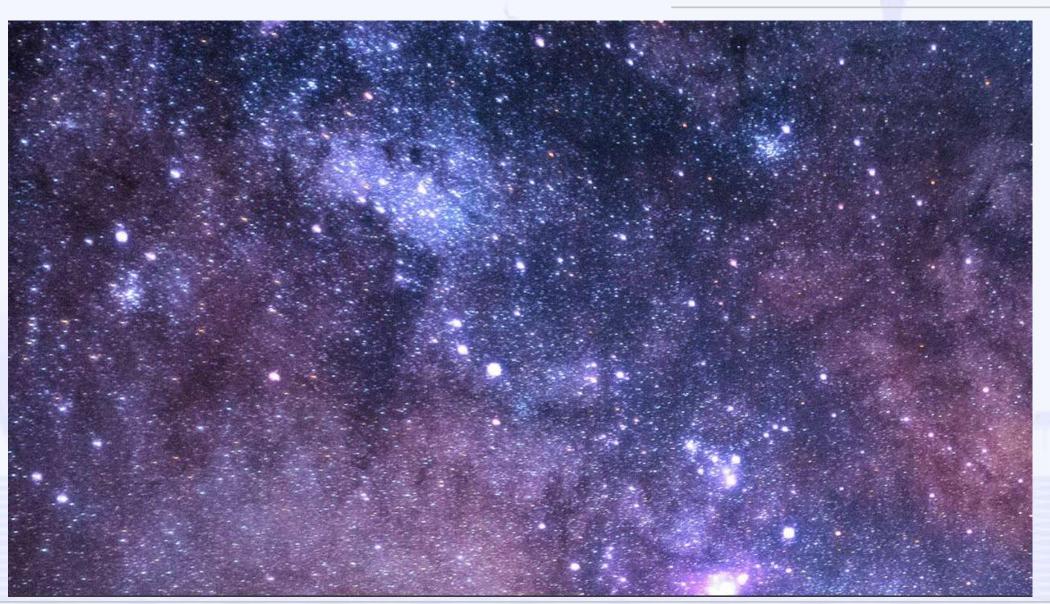






Governments' Dealing with a Global Crisis

التعاطي الحكومي مع أزمة عالمية



نتمنى على الحكومات القيام بالخطوات التالية

احترام اتفاقيات الخدمات الجوية عدم اللجوء الى إجراءات انفرادية فيما يتعلق بالخدمات الجوية اعتماد إجراءات الـ CART واعتمادها كإجراءات قياسية

إعادة احياء الشهادة الصحية الدولية بشكل رقمي

We call upon governments to take the following steps

Revive int'l health certificate in a digital form

Adopt CART guidelines as standard procedures

Avoid taking unilateral measures regarding air services

Respect int'l air services agreements







QQC

arab air carriers' organization



To arrive at int'l biosafety standards adopted by governments





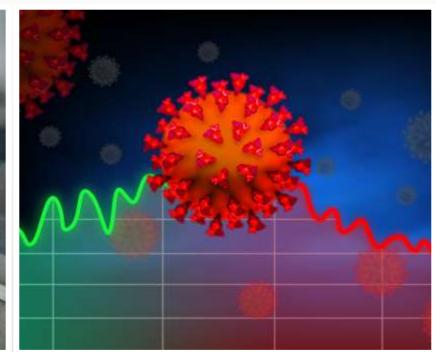


















Governments' Dealing with a Global Crisis

التعاطي الحكومي مع أزمة عالمية





The Level of Technological Advancement

مستوى التطور التكنولوجي



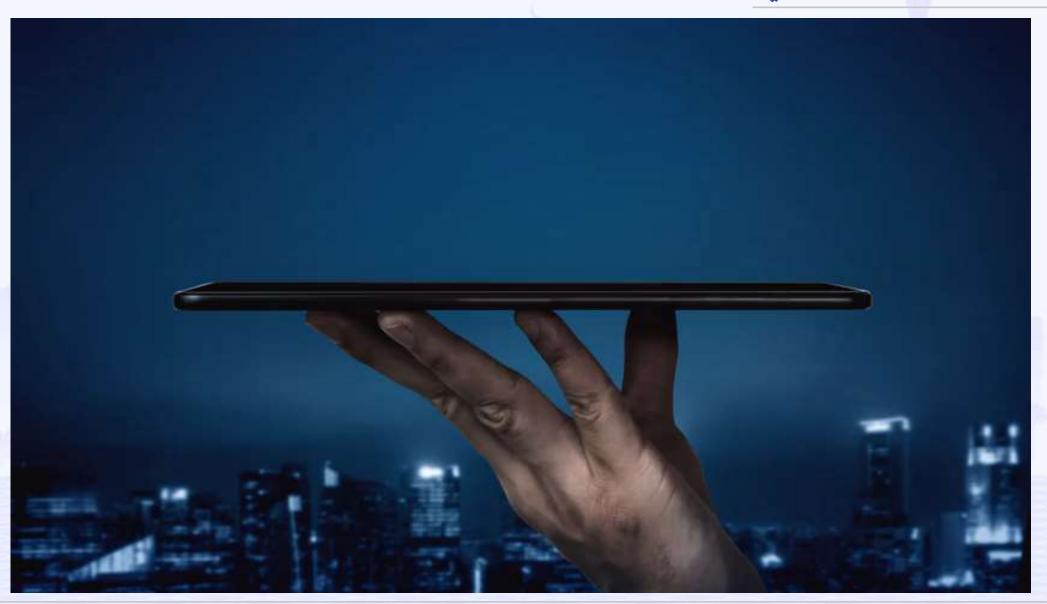
The Level of Technological Advancement

مستوى التطور التكنولوجي



The Level of Technological Advancement

مستوى التطور التكنولوجي



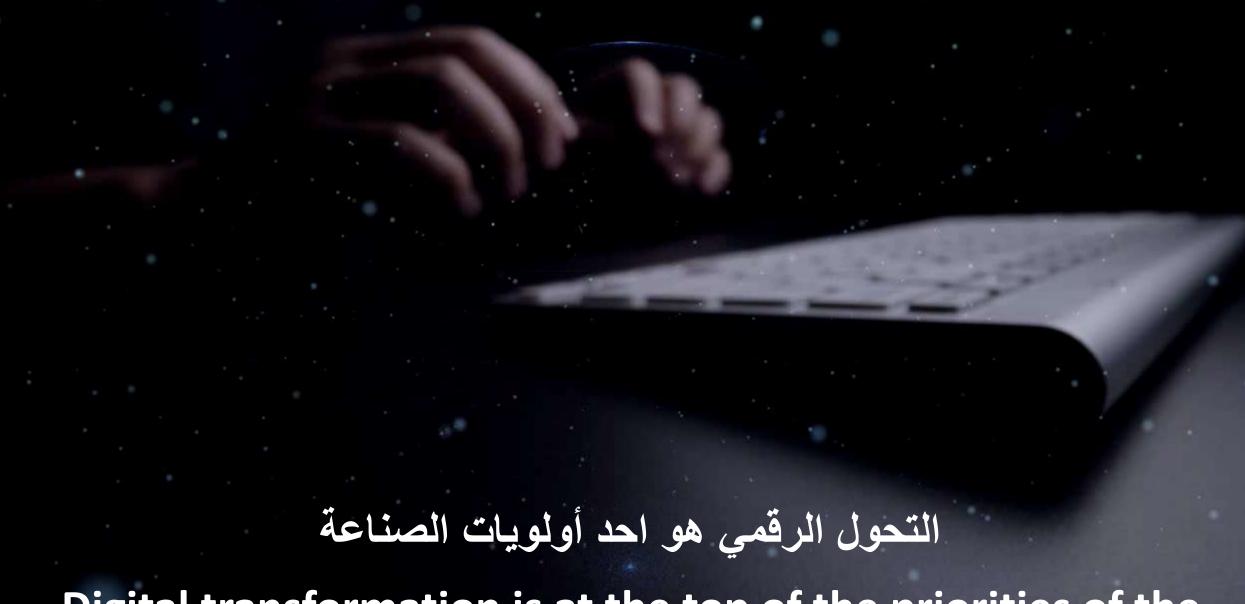




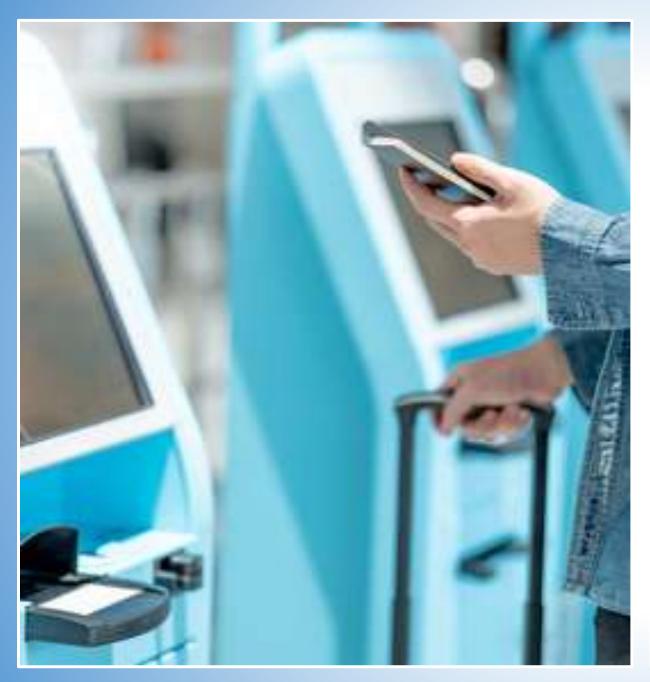




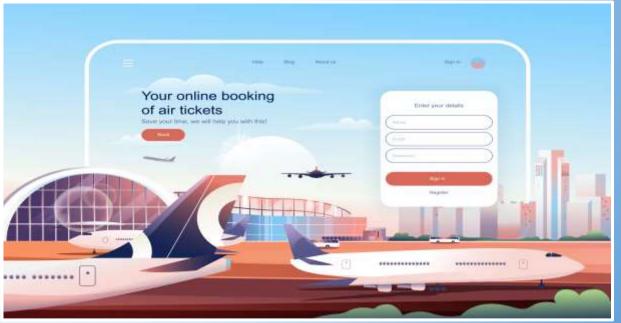


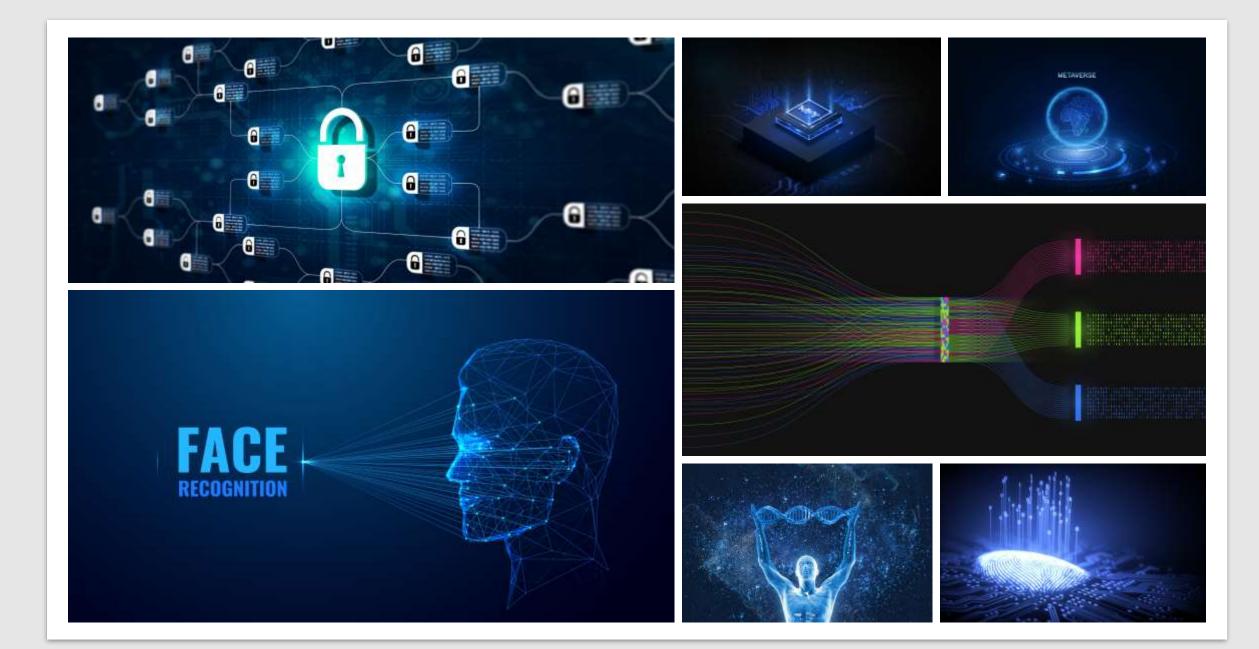


Digital transformation is at the top of the priorities of the industry







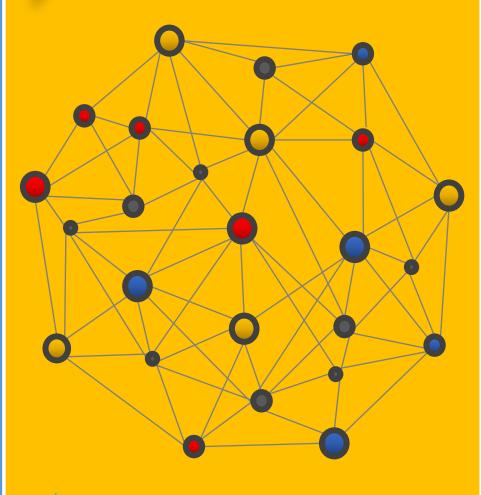


بيئة مركزية



CENTRALIZED

بيئة لامركزية

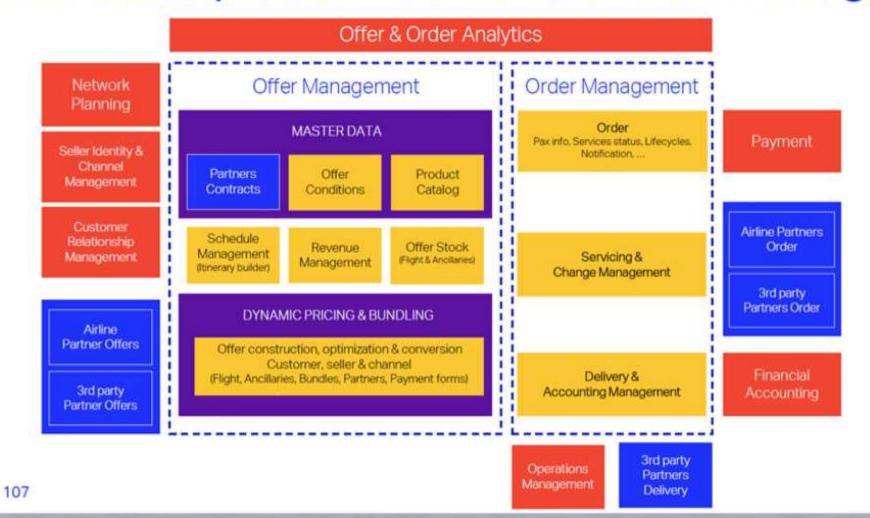


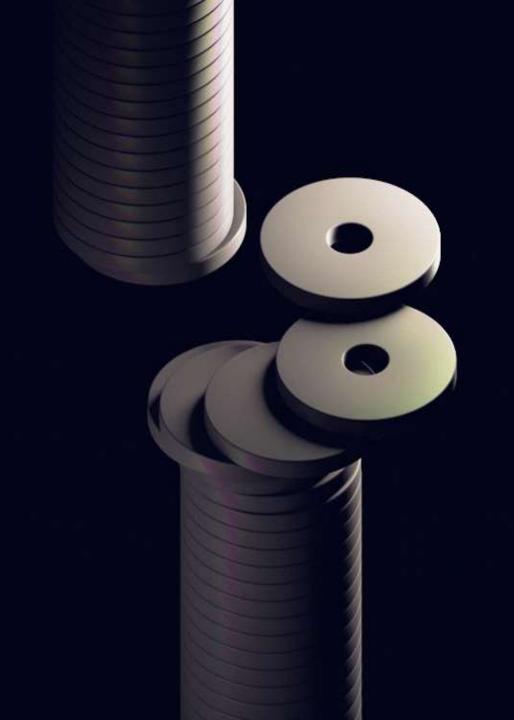
DECENTRALIZED





End state platform: offer & order management





التعامل بين شركة الطيران والمسافر ضمن بيئة سوق سفر واحدة بدل من التنقل بين عدة مواقع

The customer can fulfil his requirements in a travel market

الاستفادة من الهوية الرقمية للمسافر لبناء علاقة دينامية

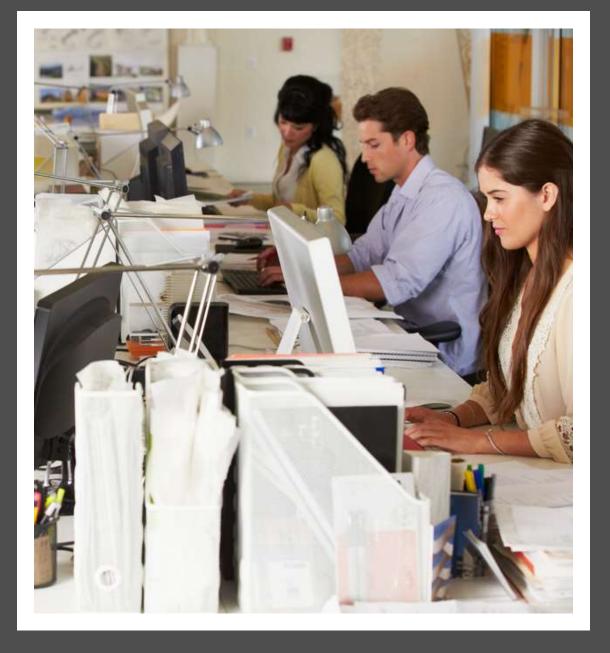
Build dynamic relationship based on the customer digital identity

قيام الحكومات باستبدال التحقق الحسي الورقي بالتحقق الرقمي

Governments to change physical validation with a digital one









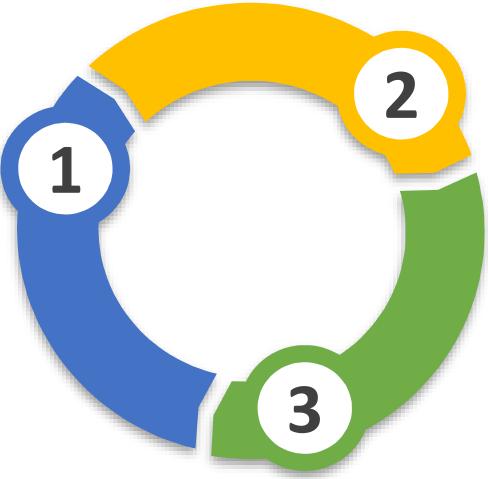








ثلاث محاور رئيسية



Three primary pillars

الهدف الطموح البعيد المدى لصناعة النقل الجوي

Aviation Long-Term Aspirational Goal







الهدف الطموح البعيد المدى لصناعة النقل الجوي

Aviation Long-Term Aspirational Goal





HLM- LTAG-SD/4 22/07/22

HIGH-LEVEL MEETING ON THE FEASIBILITY OF A LONG-TERM ASPIRATIONAL GOAL FOR INTERNATIONAL AVIATION CO. EMISSIONS REDUCTIONS (HLM-LTAG)

Montréal, 19 to 22 July 2022

REVISED SUMMARY OF DISCUSSIONS FOR AGENDA ITEM 4

(Presented by the Secretariat)

Agenda Item 4: Conclusions and recommendations of the Meeting

- The Chairperson explained that due to the close inter-linkages between Agenda items 1, 2
 and 3, draft conclusions for those Agenda items were prepared as a package of possible outcomes of HLMLTAG, taking into account the WPs/IPs submitted by States and international organizations as well as the
 views expressed on them.
- Following the exchange of views by the delegates on the possible HLM-LTAG outcomes, the Meetin agreed to recommend that the following conclusions of the HLM-LTAG be further considered by the ICAO Council for presentation of its proposal to the 41st Session of the ICAO Assembly.

CONCLUSIONS OF HIGH-LEVEL MEETING ON THE FEASIBILITY OF A LONG-TERM ASPIRATIONAL GOAL FOR INTERNATIONAL AVIATION CO2 EMISSIONS REDUCTIONS (BLM-LTAG)

Montréal, 19 to 22 July 2022

The High-Level Meeting on the feasibility of a Long-Term Aspirational Goal for international aviation CO₂ emissions reductions (HLM-LTAG), convened by the International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) at its Headquarters in Montréal from 19 to 22 July 2022, and attended by Ministers and other high-level officials representing XX Member States and YY international organizations, in light of the latest IPCC scientific understanding, reached the following conclusions:

- 1. ICAO and its Member States are encouraged to work together to strive to achieve a collective long-term global aspirational goal for international aviation (LTAG) of net-zero carbon emissions by 2050, in support of the Paris Agreement's temperature goal, recognizing that each State's special circumstances and respective capabilities (e.g., the level of development, maturity of aviation markets, sustainable growth of its international aviation, just transition, and national priorities of air transport development) will inform the ability of each State to contribute to the LTAG within its own national transferance.
- While recognizing that the LTAG is a collective global aspirational goal, and it does not attribute specific obligations or commitments in the form of emissions reduction goals to individual States, each

الهدف الطموح البعيد المدى لصناعة النقل الجوي

Aviation Long-Term Aspirational Goal

To achieve a collective long-term aspirational goal for international aviation (LTAG) of net zero carbon emissions by 2050.

To work on the basket of measures namely: innovative technologies, new types of operations, and SAF, LCAF and other cleaner energy sources

Common But Differentiated Responsibilities

Non-discrimination and equal and fair opportunities

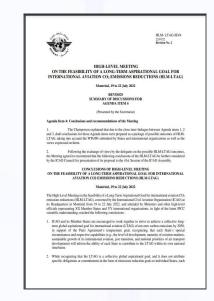
The establishment of a climate finance initiative or funding mechanism

Special circumstances and respective capabilities (SCRC)

No specific obligations or commitments in the form of emissions reduction goals to individual states

Capacity building and training

State Action Plans to include LTAG reductions









تبلغ مساهمتها في التخفيض الصافي في الانبعاثات بين 25% و 30%

Contributes between 25% & 30% to net reduction in emissions

يحتاج الى استثمارات كبيرة ولمساندة البحث والتطوير

Demands considerable investments & government funding for R&D



CO₂



الحل هو الوقود المستدام بشتى أنواعه، بما في ذلك الوقود المنخفض الكربون

SAF of all types, including LCAF are the only option



تحتاج الصناعة الى دعم الحكومات واستثمارها، والاسيكون استخدام الوقود المستدام مرتفع التكاليف

The industry needs governments' assistance & support, otherwise the usage of SAF will be so expensive

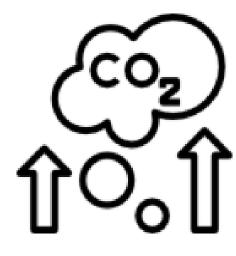




تزيد من الانبعاثات بنسبة

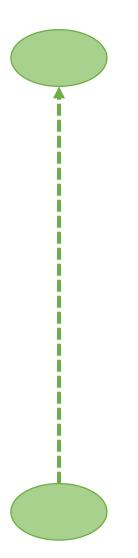
Raises emissions by at least

6 %





هدف صفر انبعاثات Net Zero Emissions

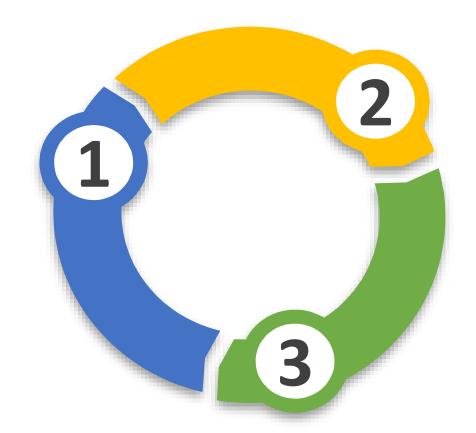




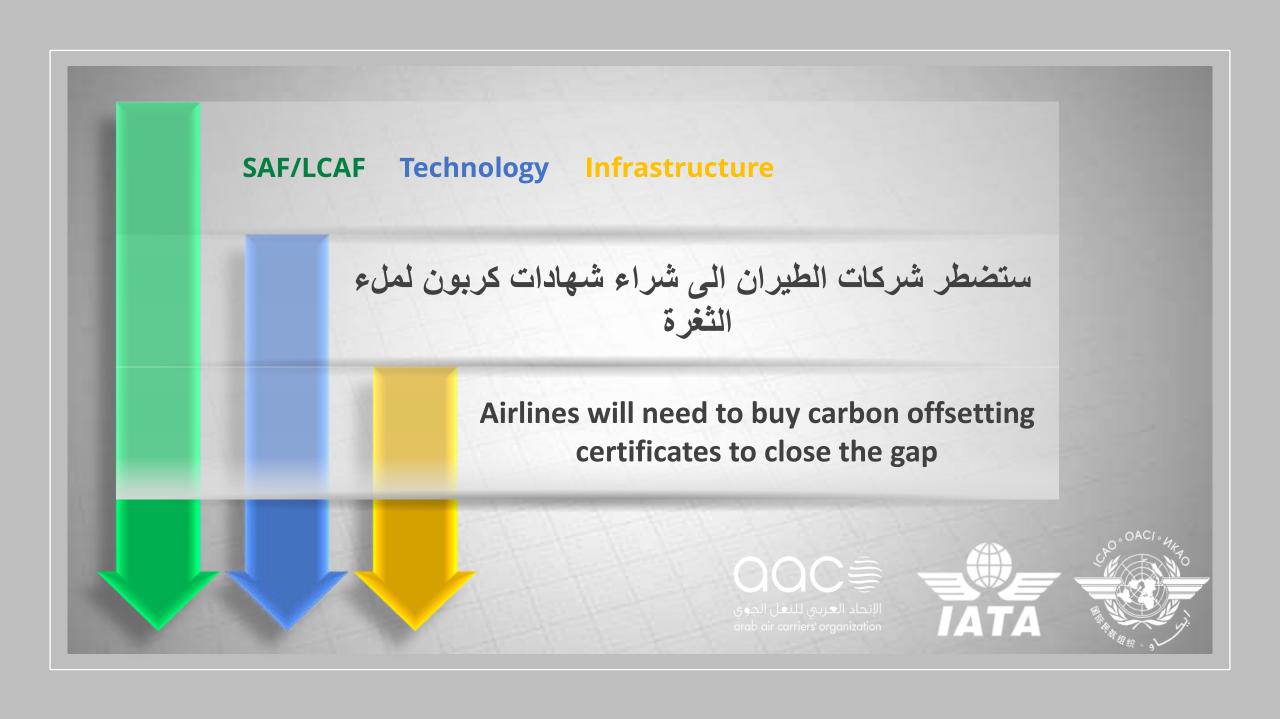
أملنا ان تكون العناصر الثلاث الأولى هي الحل

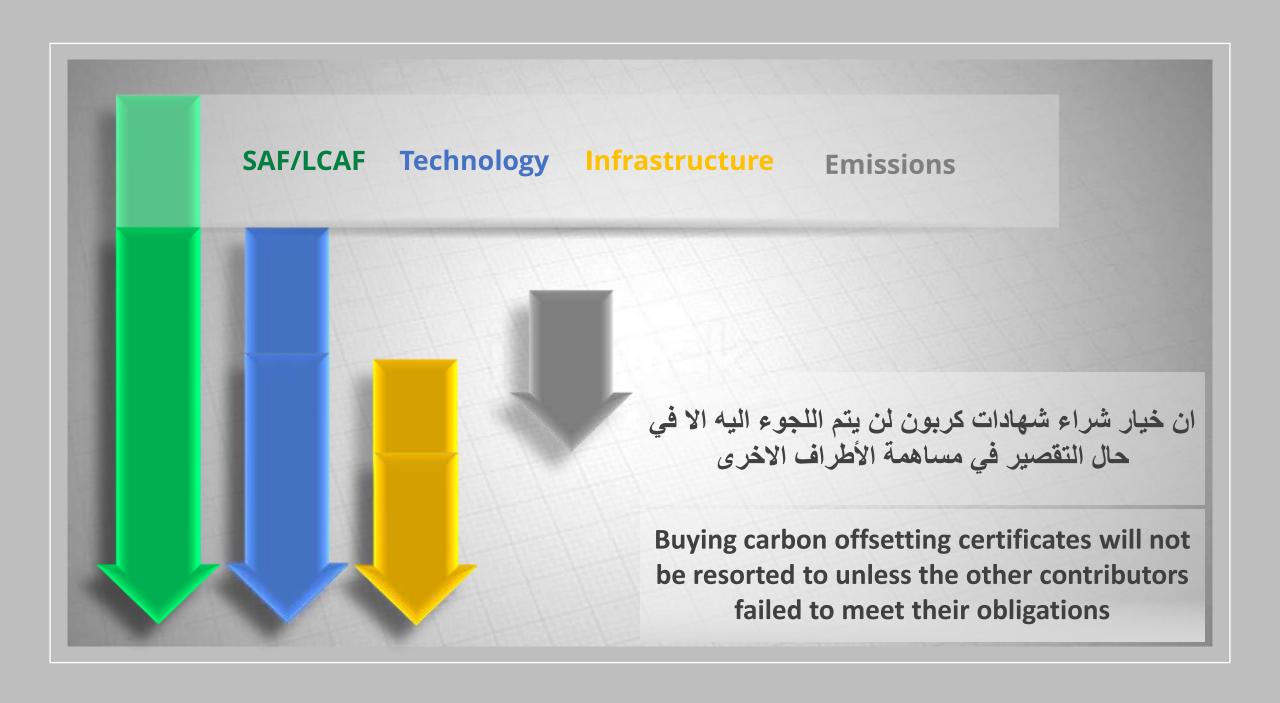
Our hope that the first three contributors to be the solution

تقنيات المحركات والطائرات، الوقود المستدام، والبنية التحتية



Engine & Aircraft Technologies,
SAF and Airport and Airspace
Infrastructure





شركات الطيران Airlines

تعمل للوصول الى هذا الهدف وتحمل أعباء مالية هائلة

Meet the goal while bearing huge financial burdens

ستضغط على سوق السفر وتؤثر سلبا على النمو الاقتصادي وفرص العمل

Will put pressure on the travel market and negatively affect the economic growth and job opportunities

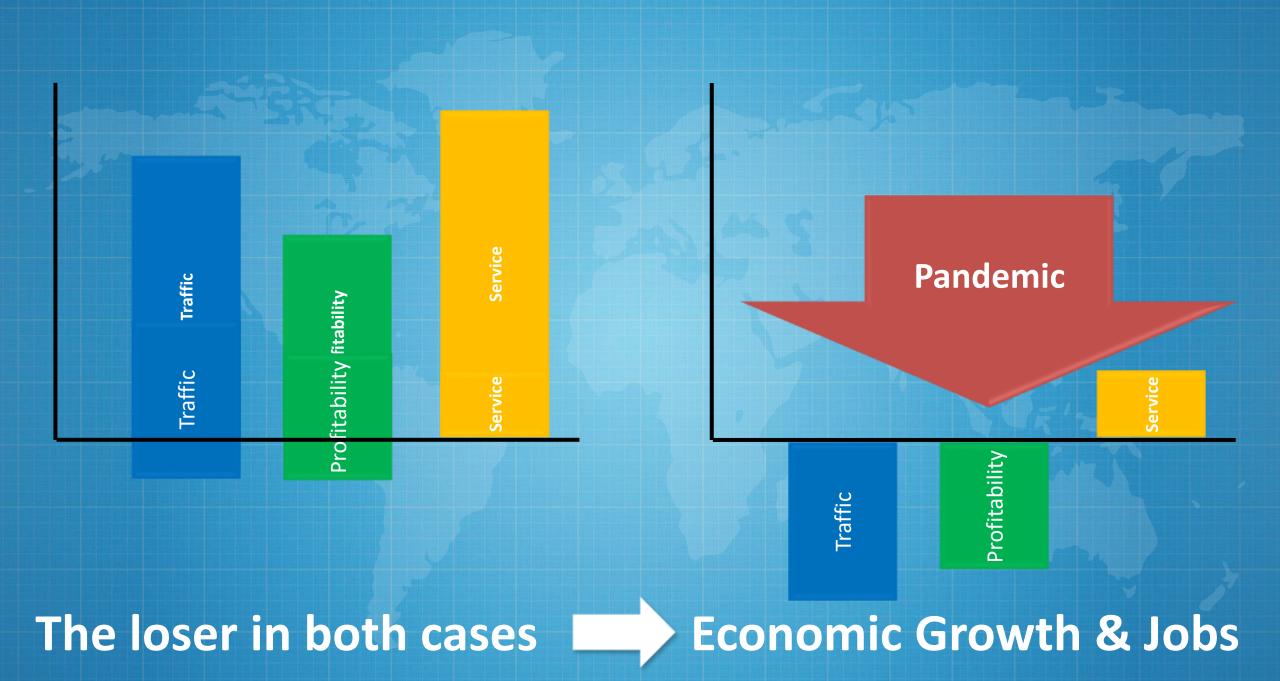


المصنعون Manufacturers

موردو الوقود المستدام
SAF Suppliers

بكل ما يمكن شركات الطيران من الوصول الى هدف 2050 باقل تكلفة ممكنة

Do what is necessary to enable airlines meet the 2050 goal at lowest possible cost







2019 2020

MONITORING, **REPORTING & VERIFICATION** TO SET THE

BASELINE

(and then annually up till the end of the scheme)

PILOT PHASE			FIF	RST PHA	SE	SECOND PHASE									
2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	

VOLUNTARY

States are volunteering to be part of the scheme from 2021

Operators flying routes between volunteering States will offset emissions based on:

CO2 growth above 2019 levels

CO2 growth above 85% of 2019 levels

MANDATORY

With exemptions for: small islands, least developed countries, land-locked developing countries, and states which have less than 0.5% of air traffic (although they can still volunteer)

Operators flying routes between volunteering States will offset emissions based on

CO2 growth above 85% of 2019 levels

CO2 growth above 85% of 2019 levels

CO2 growth above 85% of 2019 levels

OVER 80% OF THE GROWTH IN AIR TRAFFIC CO2 AFTER 2020 WILL BE OFFSET

المستوى القصير المدى



						- 1									
	PILOT PHASE			FIRST PHASE			SECOND PHASE								
2019 2020	2021 2022 2023		2024	2024 2025 2026		2027 2028 2029		2030 2031 2032		2033 2034 203					
MONITORING, REPORTING & VERIFICATION				100% Collective			100% Collective			20% Individual			- 100 ludividual		
TO SET THE										1800% Collective					
BASELINE	100% Collective														
(and then															
the end of the scheme)												30%			
												Collective			
	Collective		Collective			Co	ilecti	ve	Co	ilect	ive	Со	30% llecti		

OVER 80% OF THE GROWTH IN AIR TRAFFIC CO2 AFTER 2020 WILL BE OFFSET

المستوى القصير المدى



the state of the s					1																					
	PILOT PHASE			FIRST PHASE			SECOND PHASE																			
2019 2020	2021 2022 2023		2024 2025 2026		2027 2028 2029			2030 2031 2032		2033 2034 203		2035														
MONITORING, REPORTING & VERIFICATION TO SET THE BASELINE (and then annually up till the end of the		100% Collective			100% Collective			100% Collective			100% Collective			- 15% Individual												
scheme)														80% Collective												
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OVER 80% OF THE GROWTH IN AIR TRAFFIC CO2 AFTER 2020 WILL BE OFFSET

Short-term goal

emissions based on the average CO2 growth of the

aviation sector.

أملنا الرئيسي كان اعتماد مستوى انبعاثات عام 2019

Our hope was the adoption of emissions of 2019 only as the baseline

include over 20% of

individual operator growth.

over 70% based on individual operator growth.



based on average CO2

OVER 80% OF THE GROWTH IN AIR TRAFFIC CO2 AFTER 2020 WILL BE OFFSET

growth of the sector.



انخفاض التشغيل بحوالي 80 % بسبب جائحة كورونا

The decline in operations due to the onset of the pandemic





THE 41 ST ICAO TRIENNIAL ASSEMBLY
RECONNECTING THE WORLD

على الرغم من ان القرار يزيد من أعباء الشركات المعنية بكورسيا، الا انه افضل بكثير من عدم الاتفاق

Despite additional costs for CORSIA airlines, the decision is much preferable to no agreement.



Proper Sustainable Aviation Fuels Regulations











Proper Sustainable Aviation Fuels Regulations



قيام الحكومات بتحفيز شركات الطيران على استخدامه من خلال منحها إعفاءات من ضرائب ورسوم تساهم بتخفيض تكاليف شرائه

Governments to incentivize airlines to use SAF by removing associated taxes and fees, hence lowering its price.

Proper Sustainable Aviation Fuels Regulations

وضع معايير قياسية له تضمن احتساب استخدامه لشركات الطيران في جميع الأحوال

Governments must agree on international standards to account for all airline certifications

Proper Sustainable Aviation Fuels Regulations

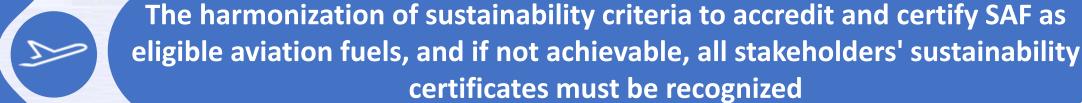
منح شركات الطيران حق الشراء والاحتساب او ما يسمّى بـ "Book & Claim" دون أي قيود جغرافية



Allowing airlines to use Book & Claim without any geographical restrictions

Proper Sustainable Aviation Fuels Regulations

توحيد معايير الاستدامة الواجب استيفاؤها لاعتماد وقود الطيران المستدام كوقود مؤهّل للاستخدام، واذا تعذّر توحيد المعايير، الاعتراف بشهادات الاستدامة الممنوحة من قبل الجميع









































Executive Committee





ChairmanMr. Mohamad A. El-Hout



Mr. Tony Douglas



H.E. Eng. Ibrahim Abdul Rahman Al Omar



H.E. Mr. Akbar Al Baker



Capt. Amr Abuelenein



Mr. Abdelhamid Addou



Mr. Bander Almohanna



Mr. Khaled Chelly



Eng. Samer Majali

Chief Executive Officers

الرؤساء التنفيذيين



Representatives of Steering Boards & Task Forces

أعضاء المجالس التوجيهية وفرق العمل

المجلس التوجيهي لمشروع الوقود

Fuel Steering Board

المجلس التوجيهي لمشروع الصيانة والهندسة والتعمير

> MRO Steering Board

المجلس التوجيهي لتنمية وتطوير الموارد البشرية

Human Resources
Development
Steering Board

المجلس التوجيهي لمشروع إدارة تخطيط الطوارئ

Emergency Response Planning Steering Board المجلس التوجيهي لمجموعة أماديوس

AACO Amadeus Steering Board المجلس التوجيهي لمشروع الخدمات الأرضية

Ground Handling Steering Board



فريق عمل السياسات الجوية

AeroPolitical Watch Group

الفريق الإستشاري لأمن الطيران

AVSEC Advisory Group

فريق عمل السياسات البيئية

Environmental Policy Group

فريق عمل التحول الرقمي

Digital Transformation Task Force فريق عمل وقود الطائرات المستدام

Sustainable Fuel Aviation Task Force





















GOLD

AIRBUS



SILVER







BRONZE











































































































نعتز دائماً بخدمتـــکم

We are always proud to serve you



وشكراً THANK YOU

